

Health Virtual Learning

Chapter 6.2 The Components of Physical Fitness

Truman High School

4/30/2020



Lesson: 4/30/2020

Objective/Learning Target:

- 1. Summarize the various components of fitness.
- 2. Recognize how cardiorespiratory fitness is achieved.
- 3. Determine and monitor desired target heart rates.
- 4. List guidelines for developing a strength-training plan.
- 5. Explain how endurance is measured.
- 6. Apply safe stretching techniques.
- 7. Develop a personal fitness plan.

Health or Skill Related?

- Health-related fitness: used to easily perform daily activities
- -Cardiorespiratory fitness, endurance, muscle strength, flexibility, body composition
- •Skill-related fitness: used to perform successfully in a particular sport or leisure activity
- –Speed, agility, balance, power, coordination, reaction time



Cardiovascular Fitness

- •How efficiently the cardiovascular and respiratory systems deliver oxygen to muscles during prolonged activity
- –Running, gardening, dancing, shoveling snow, etc.
- -Maintains the health of the heart and lungs
- Heart is strengthened, improving blood flow and the transportation of oxygen and nutrients throughout the body



FITT for frequency

•Frequency: how often you engage in physical activity

•Intensity: how much energy the body uses per minute during physical activity

•Time: how long you engage in physical activity during each session

•Type: the kind of physical activity that you engage in



Your Heart Rate

- Target heart rate: to aim for when performing aerobic exercise; varies by age
- -220 age in years = maximum heart rate in beats per minute (bpm)
- •Taking your pulse:
- -Find your pulse on the artery of the wrist in line with your thumb
- -Place the tips of your index and middle fingers over the artery
- -Start counting on a beat, which is zero
- -Count the number of heartbeats for a full 60 seconds

Think Further...

Find your pulse, using the method described on the previous slide.

Calculate your target heart rate (220 – your age = target heart rate)



Muscular Endurance and Strength

- •Endurance: the length of time for which a particular group of muscles can continue to exert force
- •Strength: the ability of a muscle to exert force against resistance
- -Strength training
- -Strength training guidelines



Flexibility

- •The ability to bend without injury or breakage
- •Determined by the elasticity of your muscles and connective tissues
- Range of motion
- –Measures flexibility
- Tells how far a joint can move in a particular direction



Skill Related Fitness

- Speed
- Agility (the ability to quickly change the body's momentum and direction)
- •Balance (holding a particular body posture or position on a stable or unstable surface)
- Power (combination of strength and speed)
- Coordination
- •Reaction time (the quickness of a response)



Staying On Track...

- •Select activities you can do, given the time, space, and equipment available to you
- Try cross training
- •Keep records of your plan, when you will exercise, and the goals you want to achieve
- Choose activities that are safe and effective

Personal Fitness Plan

- Determine your current level of fitness
- -Measure your pulse after exercise, see how many push-ups you can do, measure your weight or BMI
- Develop a plan to help you achieve your specific goals
- Create a balanced plan
- At least 150 minutes of moderate-intensity aerobic exercise each week and at least 2 days of strength training



Critical Thinking...

Develop a fitness plan...

-What is your current level of fitness?

-What components of fitness do you want to improve?

–What are your goals?